

# **Manas National Park**

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Why in news?

The tiger population in western Assam's Manas National Park, a major wildlife preserve stretching into Bhutan, tripled from 2011 to 2019, a new study has said.

# **Tiger Population Growth:**

• The tiger population in Manas National Park, western Assam, tripled from 2011 to 2019.

## **Study Source**:

• The findings were published in the *Journal of Biological Conservation*.

## **Reasons for Growth:**

- Increased funding, improved protection infrastructure, and a larger staff were key factors.
- Tourism revenue also played a role in supporting growth.

## **Collaborative Efforts:**

• The report highlights the success of collaboration among local communities, government, and conservation agencies in the park's recovery.

# **Challenges:**

• Ongoing issues like poaching and habitat loss remain, requiring continuous management focus.

## **Tiger Density:**

- Tiger density in Manas increased from 1.06 adults/100 km² in 2011–12 to 3.64 in 2018–19.
- There is potential for the density to grow to 8 or more adults/100 km<sup>2</sup>.

## **Potential for Further Growth:**

• The tiger population could double by 2023 if effective conservation measures continue.

## **2021 Tiger Count:**

• 44 adult tigers were photographed in Manas in 2021.

## **UNESCO World Heritage Sites:**

• Manas is one of Assam's two UNESCO World Heritage Sites for tigers, alongside Kaziranga National Park.

# Manas National Park and Tiger Reserve:

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#### 1. Location:

- Situated in the foothills of the Himalayas in Assam, India.
- Contiguous with Royal Manas National Park in Bhutan.

## 1. Designations and Recognition:

- Natural World Heritage Site
- Tiger Reserve
- Elephant Reserve
- Biosphere Reserve
- Important Bird Area (IBA)

# 1. Historical Significance:

• One of the first reserves included in the **Project Tiger** network in 1973.

# 1. Conservation Landscape:

• Forms part of a large **tiger conservation landscape**, which includes **Buxa**, **Nameri**, **Pakke**, **and Namdapha Tiger Reserves** in India, and protected areas in **Bhutan** and **Myanmar**.

# 1. Name Origin:

- Named after the Manas River, which itself is named after the serpent goddess Manasa.
- The Manas River is a major tributary of the Brahmaputra River.

#### 1. Flora:

- Vegetation types include:
- Sal forests (Shorea robusta)
- Scrub forests
- Old plantations (in buffer areas)
- Semi-evergreen and mixed deciduous forests
- Grasslands and riparian vegetation (in the core area)

#### 1. Fauna:

- Known for its rare and endangered species, including:
- Hispid Hare
- Pigmy Hog
- Golden Langur
- Indian Rhinoceros
- Asiatic Buffalo

## 1. Conservation Importance:

• Critical for protecting a wide range of species and maintaining biodiversity in the region.

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