

# **Generative AI technology**

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Why is in news? Generative artificial intelligence has become a buzzword this year, capturing the public's fancy and sparking a rush among Microsoft and Alphabet to launch products with the technology they believe will change the nature of work.

# What is generative AI?

Like other forms of artificial intelligence, generative AI learns how to take actions from past data.

It creates brand new content, a text, an image, even computer codebased on that training, instead of simply categorizing or identifying data like other AI.

The most famous generative AI application is ChatGPT, a chatbot that Microsoft-backed OpenAI released late last year.

The AI powering it is known as a large language model because it takes in a text prompt and from that writes a human-like response.

GPT-4, a newer model that OpenAI announced this week, is "multimodal" because it can perceive not only text but images as well.

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# Generative Al's evolut

For an advanced technology that's considered relatively new, generative AI is deep-rooted in history and innovation.

#### 1932

Georges Artsrouni invents a machine he reportedly called the "mechanical brain" to translate between languages on a mechanical computer encoded onto punch cards.

## 1966

MIT professor Joseph Weizenbaum creates the first chatbot, **Eliza**, which simulates conversations with a psychotherapist.

# 1980

Michael Toy and Glenn Wichman develop the Unix-based game Rogue, which uses procedural content generation to dynamically generate new game levels.

### 1986

Michael Irwin Jordan lays the foundation for the modern use of recurrent neural networks (RNNs) with the publication of "Serial order: a parallel distributed processing approach."

#### 2000

University of Montreal researchers publish "A Neural Probabilistic Language Model," which suggests a method to model language using feed-forward neural networks.

#### 2011

Apple releases Siri, a voice-powered personal assistant that can generate responses and take actions in response to voice requests.

#### 2013

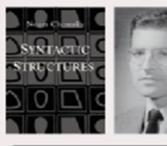
Google researcher Tomas Mikolov and colleagues introduce word2vec to identify semantic relationships between words automatically.

#### 2015

Stanford researchers publish work on diffusion models in the paper "Deep Unsupervised Learning using Nonequilibrium Thermodynamics." The technique provides a way to reverse-engineer the process of adding noise to a final image.

# 2018

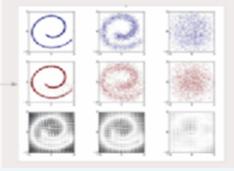












#### 1957

Linguist Noam Ch Structures, which rules for parsing a language sentence

# 1968

Computer science creates SHRDLU, that can manipula of blocks accordings.

# 1985

Computer scienti Judea Pearl intro causal analysis, v techniques for re that leads to met content in a spec

#### 1989

Yann LeCun, Yosh Haffner demonstr neural networks or recognize images

#### 2006

Data scientist Fei ImageNet databa foundation for vis

#### 2012

Alex Krizhevsky of architecture, pior automatically tra take advantage o

#### 2014

Research scientis generative adverwhich pit two net other to generate content.

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#### 2017

Google researche of transformers in "Attention is all yes subsequent resea automatically par large language m

## Kamaraj IAS Academy

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# Significance of Generative AI

# **Evolution of Generative AI**

The technology is helpful for creating a first draft of marketing copy, for instance, though it may require cleanup because it isn't perfect.

One example is from CarMax Inc, which has used a version of OpenAI's technology to summarize thousands of customer reviews and help shoppers decide what used car to buy.

Generative AI likewise can take notes during a virtual meeting. It can draft and personalize emails, and it can create slide presentations.

Microsoft Corp and Alphabet Inc's Google each demonstrated these features in product announcements this week.

## **Concerns with Generative AI**

School systems have fretted about students turning in AI-drafted essays, undermining the hard work required for them to learn.

Cybersecurity researchers have also expressed concern that generative AI could allow bad actors, even governments, to produce far more disinformation than before.

At the same time, the technology itself is prone to making mistakes.

Factual inaccuracies touted confidently by AI, called "hallucinations," and responses that seem erratic like professing love to a user are all reasons why companies have aimed to test the technology before making it widely available.

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